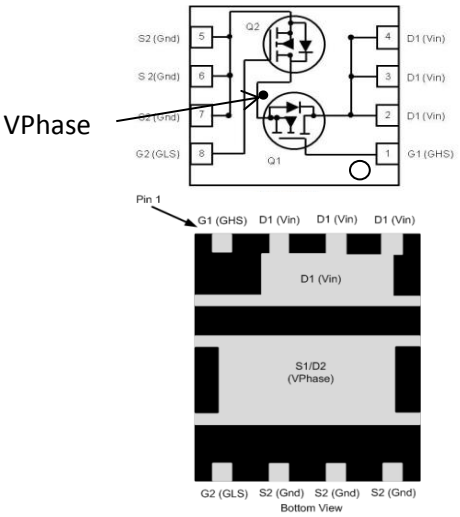
Dual N-Channel OptiMOS™ MOSFET

Features

- Dual N-channel OptiMOS™ MOSFET
- Optimized for high performance Buck converter
- Logic level (4.5V rated)
- 100% avalanche tested
- Qualified according to JEDEC[1] for target applications
- Pb-free lead plating; RoHS compliant
- Halogen-free according to IEC61249-2-21

Product Summary

		Q1	Q2	
V_{DS}		30	30	V
$R_{DS(on),max}$	V_{GS}=10 V	5	2.8	mΩ
	V_{GS}=4.5 V	7	3.7	
I_D		40	40	A



Pb-Free RoHS Halogen-Free

Type	Package	Marking
BSC0923NDI	PG-TISON-8	0923NDI

Maximum ratings, at T_j=25 °C, unless otherwise specified [2]

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Value		Unit
			Q1	Q2	
Continuous drain current	I_D	T_C=70 °C, V_{GS}=10V	40	40	A
		T_A=25 °C, V_{GS}=4.5V[3]	17	32	
		T_A=70 °C, V_{GS}=4.5V[3]	14	25	
		T_A=25 °C, V_{GS}=10V[4]	10	15	
Pulsed drain current[5]	$I_{D,pulse}$	T_C=70 °C	160	160	
Avalanche energy, single pulse	E_{AS}	Q1: I_D=20 A, Q2: I_D=20 A, R_{GS}=25 Ω	9	20	mJ
Gate source voltage	V_{GS}		±20		V
Power dissipation	P_{tot}	T_A=25 °C[2]	2.5	2.5	W
		T_A=25 °C, minimum footprint[3]	1.0	1.0	
Operating and storage temperature	T_j, T_{stg}		-55 ... 150		°C
IEC climatic category; DIN IEC 68-1			55/150/56		

[1] J-STD20 and JESD22

[2] One transistor active

[3] Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm2 (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

[4] Device mounted on a minimum pad (one layer, 70 µm thick). One transistor active

[5] See figure 3 for more detailed information.

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
				min.	typ.	max.	
Thermal characteristics							
Thermal resistance, junction - case	Q1	R_{thJC}		-	-	4.2	K/W
	Q2			-	-	2.6	
Thermal resistance, junction - ambient[1)]	Q1	R_{thJA}	6 cm2 cooling area[2)]	-	-	50	
	Q2						
	Q1		minimal footprint, steady state[3)]	-	-	125	
	Q2						
Electrical characteristics, at T_j=25 °C, unless otherwise specified							
Static characteristics							
Drain-source breakdown voltage	Q1	$V_{(BR)DSS}$	V_{GS}=0 V, I_D=10 mA	30	-	-	V
	Q2						
Breakdown voltage temperature coefficient	Q1	$dV_{(BR)DSS}/dT_j$	I_D=10 mA, referenced to 25 °C	-	15	-	mV/K
	Q2						
Gate threshold voltage	Q1	$V_{GS(th)}$	V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250 µA	1.2	-	2	V
	Q2						
Zero gate voltage drain current	Q1	I_{DSS}	V_{DS}=24 V, V_{GS}=0 V, T_j=25 °C	-	-	1	µA
	Q2			-	-	500	
	Q1		V_{DS}=24 V, V_{GS}=0 V, T_j=150 °C	-	-	0.1	mA
	Q2			-	3	-	
Gate-source leakage current	Q1	I_{GSS}	V_{GS}=20 V, V_{DS}=0 V	-	-	100	nA
	Q2						
Drain-source on-state resistance	Q1	$R_{DS(on)}$	V_{GS}=4.5 V, I_D=20 A	-	5.4	7.0	mΩ
	Q2			-	3	3.7	
	Q1		V_{GS}=10 V, I_D=20 A	-	3.8	5.0	
	Q2			-	2.1	2.8	
Gate resistance	Q1	R_G		1.3	2.6	5.2	Ω
	Q2			0.5	0.9	1.8	
Transconductance	Q1	g_{fs}	$\|V_{DS}\|>2\|I_D\|R_{DS(on)max}$, I_D=20 A	32	65	-	S
	Q2			43	86	-	

Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
				min.	typ.	max.	
Dynamic characteristics							
Input capacitance	Q1	C_{iss}	V_{GS}=0 V, V_{DS}= 15 V, f=1 MHz	-	870	1160	pF
	Q2			-	1500	2000	
Output capacitance	Q1	C_{oss}		-	330	439	
	Q2			-	630	838	
Reverse transfer capacitance	Q1	C_{rss}		-	49	-	
	Q2			-	88	-	
Turn-on delay time	Q1	$t_{d(on)}$	V_{DD}=15 V, V_{GS}=10 V, R_G=1.6 Ω, I_D=20 A	-	4.7		ns
	Q2			-	4.1	-	
Rise time	Q1	t_r		-	3.8	-	
	Q2			-	3.6	-	
Turn-off delay time	Q1	$t_{d(off)}$		-	17	-	
	Q2			-	19	-	
Fall time	Q1	t_f		-	3.0	-	
	Q2			-	2.6	-	
Gate Charge Characteristics							
Gate to source charge	Q1	Q_{gs}	V_{DD}=15 V, I_D=30 A, V_{GS}=0 to 4.5 V	-	2.4	3.2	nC
Gate to drain charge		Q_{gd}		-	2.2	2.9	
Gate charge total		Q_g		-	6.7	10	
Gate plateau voltage		$V_{plateau}$		-	2.8	-	V
Gate to source charge	Q2	Q_{gs}		-	4.0	5.3	nC
Gate to drain charge		Q_{gd}		-	4.0	5.2	
Gate charge total		Q_g			12	18.4	
Gate plateau voltage		$V_{plateau}$			2.6		V
Output charge	Q1	Q_{oss}	V_{DD}=15 V, V_{GS}=0 V	-	9	12	nC
	Q2			-	17	23	

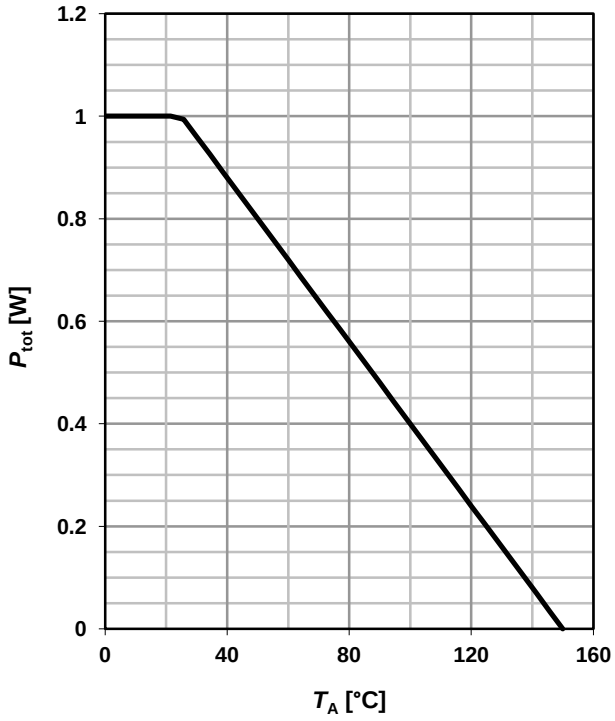
Parameter		Symbol	Conditions	Values			Unit
				min.	typ.	max.	
Reverse Diode							
Diode continuous forward current	Q1	I_S	T_C=25 °C	-	-	30	A
	Q2					40	
Diode pulse current	Q1	$I_{S,pulse}$		-	-	160	
	Q2			-	-	160	
Diode forward voltage	Q1	V_{SD}	V_{GS}=0 V, I_F=20 A, T_j=25 °C	-	0.9	1	V
	Q2		V_{GS}=0 V, I_F=4 A, T_j=25 °C	-	0.54	0.7	
Reverse recovery charge	Q1	Q_{rr}	V_R=15 V, I_F=I_S, di_F/dt=100 A/µs	-	5	-	nC
	Q2			-	5	-	nC

[2] Device on 40 mm x 40 mm x 1.5 mm epoxy PCB FR4 with 6 cm2 (one layer, 70 µm thick) copper area for drain connection. PCB is vertical in still air.

[3] device mounted on a minimum pad (one layer, 70 µm thick)

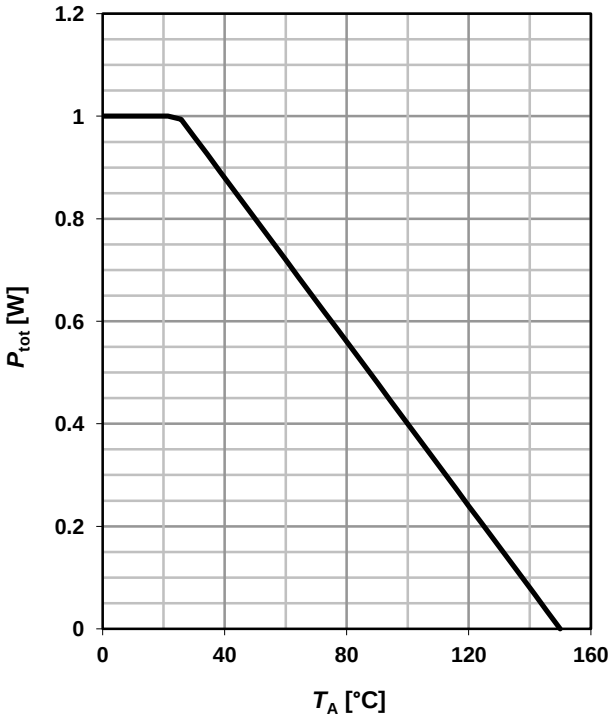
1 Power dissipation (Q1)

$P_{tot}=f(T_A)$[3)]



2 Power dissipation (Q2)

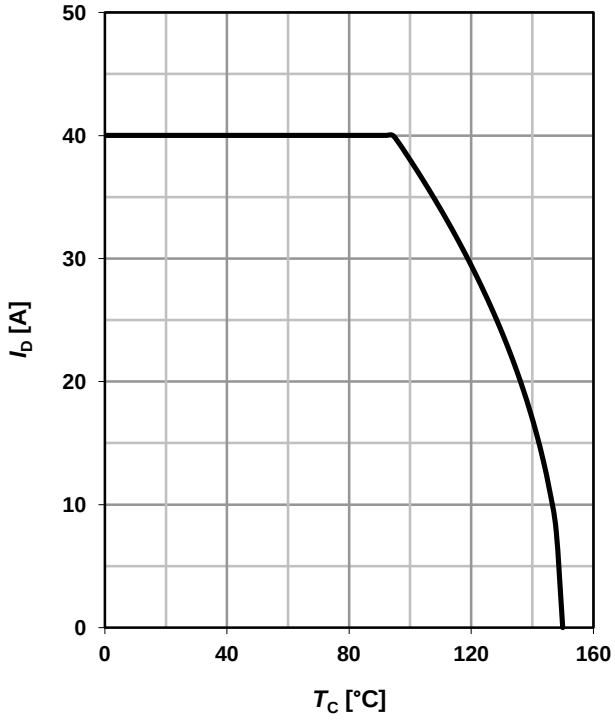
$P_{tot}=f(T_A)$[3)]



3 Drain current (Q1)

$I_D=f(T_C)$

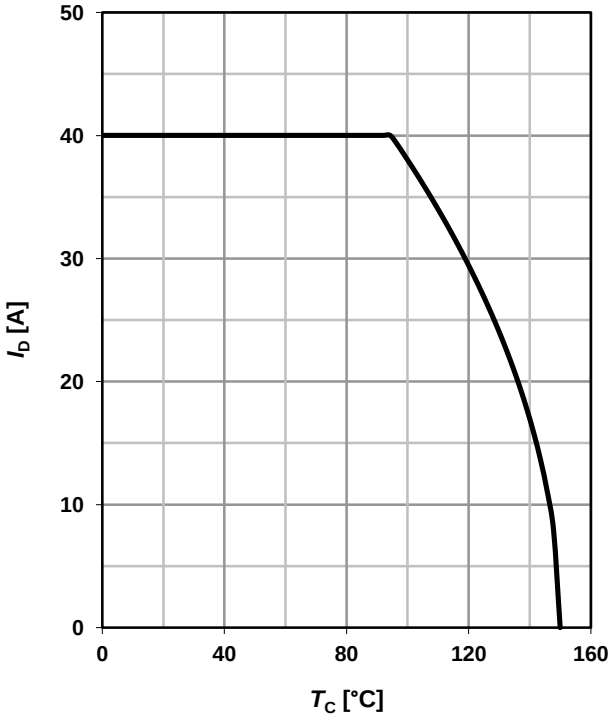
parameter: $V_{GS}\geq 10$ V



4 Drain current (Q2)

$I_D=f(T_C)$

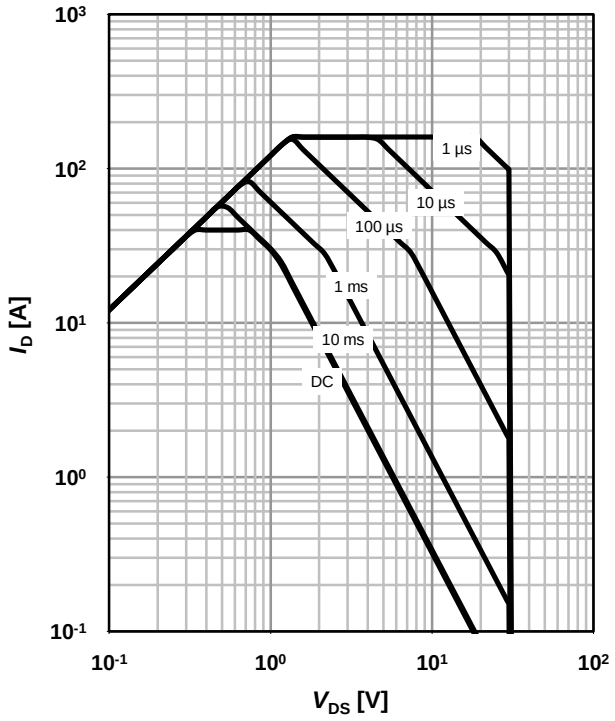
parameter: $V_{GS}\geq 10$ V



5 Safe operating area (Q1)

I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_C=25 °C; D=0

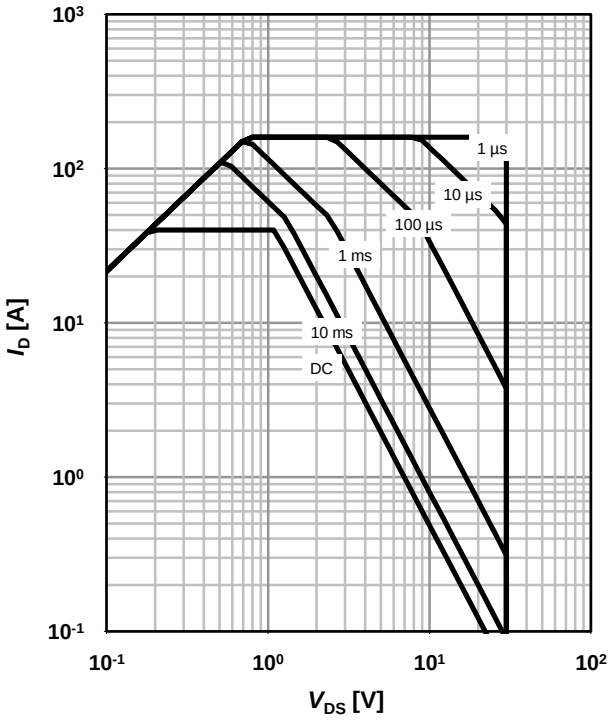
parameter: t_p



6 Safe operating area (Q2)

I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_C=25 °C; D=0

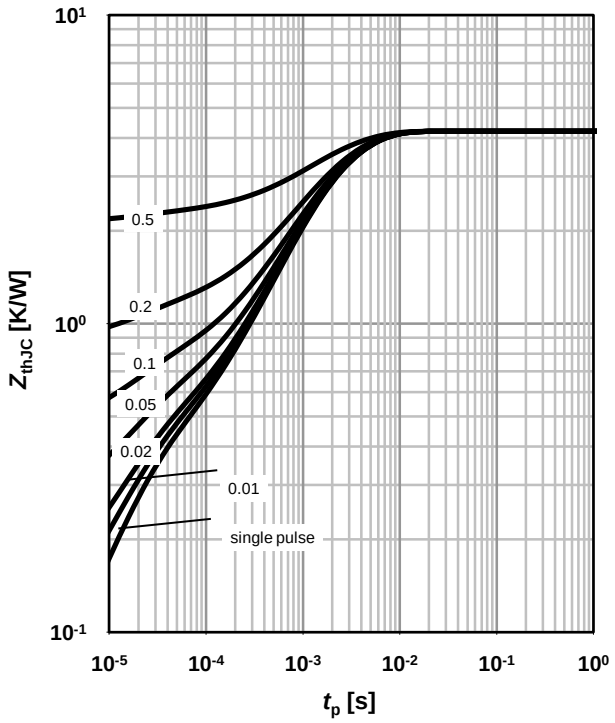
parameter: t_p



7 Max. transient thermal impedance (Q1)

Z_{thJC}=f(t_p)

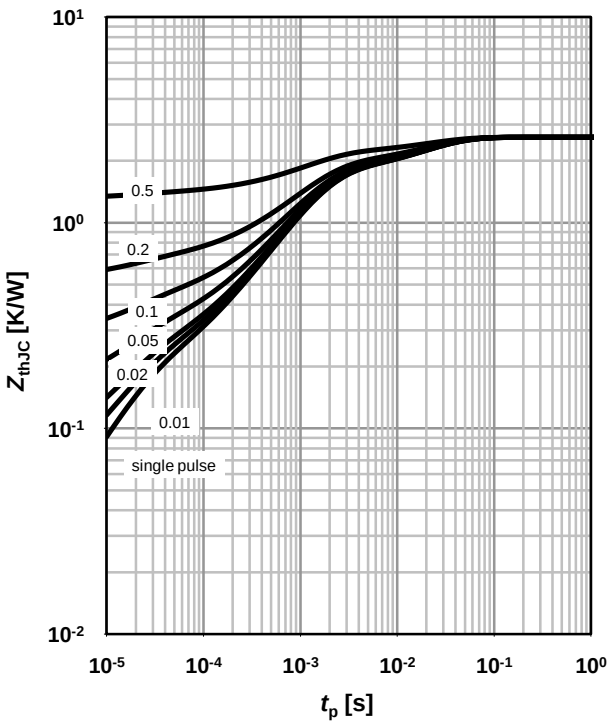
parameter: $D=t_p/T$



8 Max. transient thermal impedance (Q2)

Z_{thJC}=f(t_p)

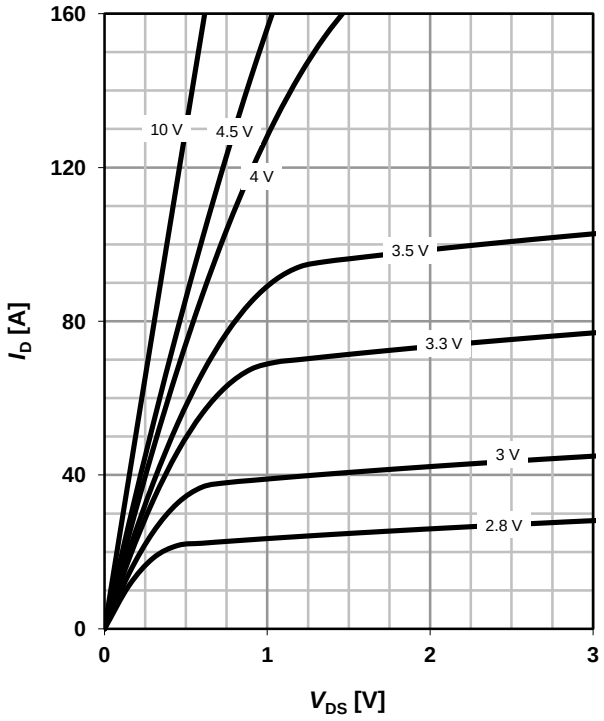
parameter: $D=t_p/T$



9 Typ. output characteristics (Q1)

I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_j=25 °C

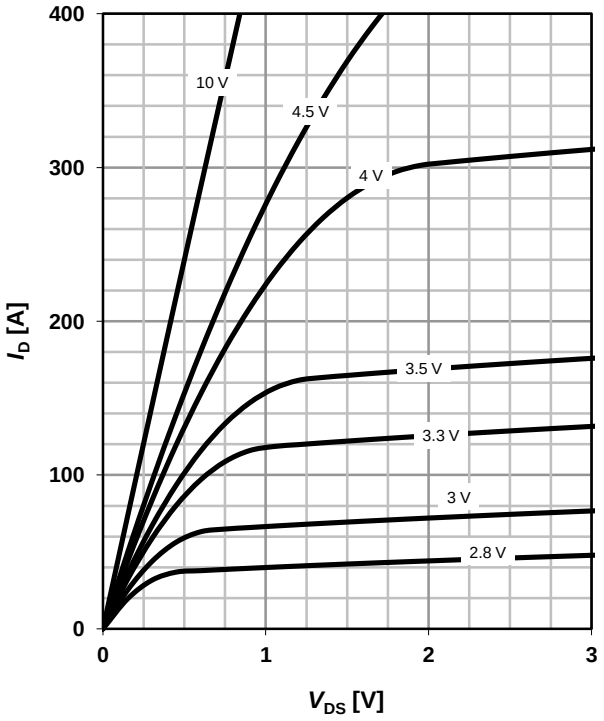
parameter: V_{GS}



10 Typ. output characteristics (Q2)

I_D=f(V_{DS}); T_j=25 °C

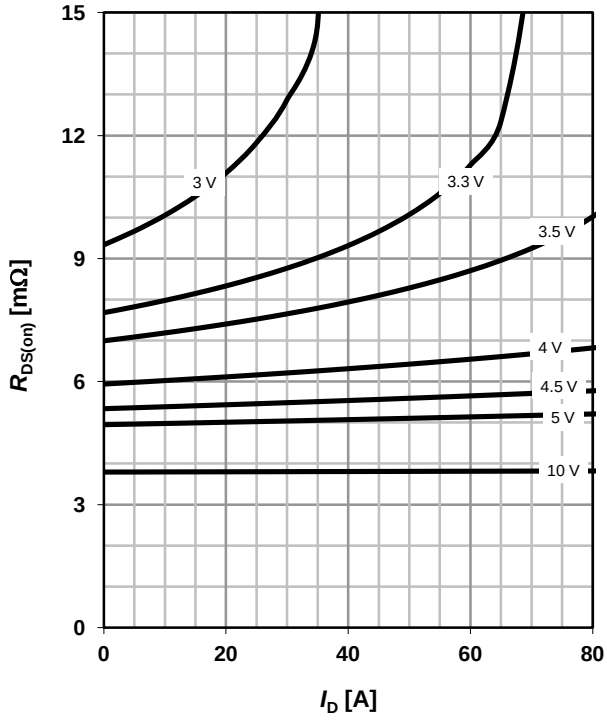
parameter: V_{GS}



11 Typ. drain-source on resistance (Q1)

$R_{DS(on)}$=f(I_D); T_j=25 °C

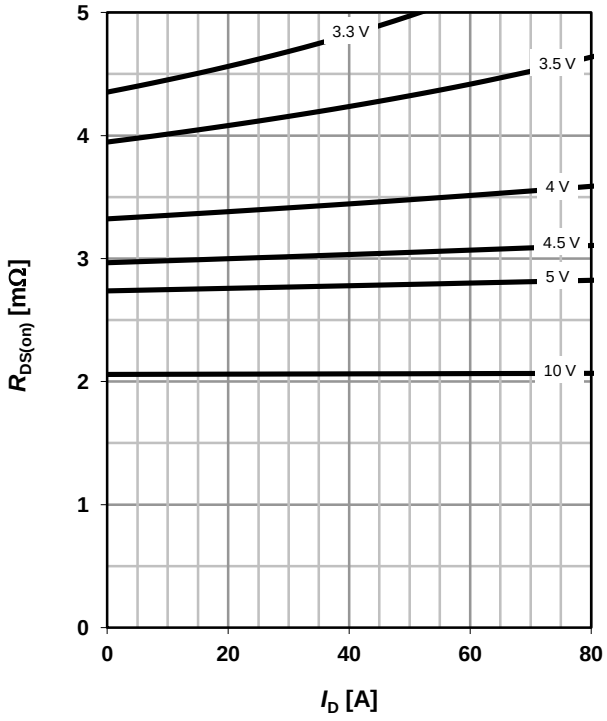
parameter: V_{GS}



12 Typ. drain-source on resistance (Q2)

$R_{DS(on)}$=f(I_D); T_j=25 °C

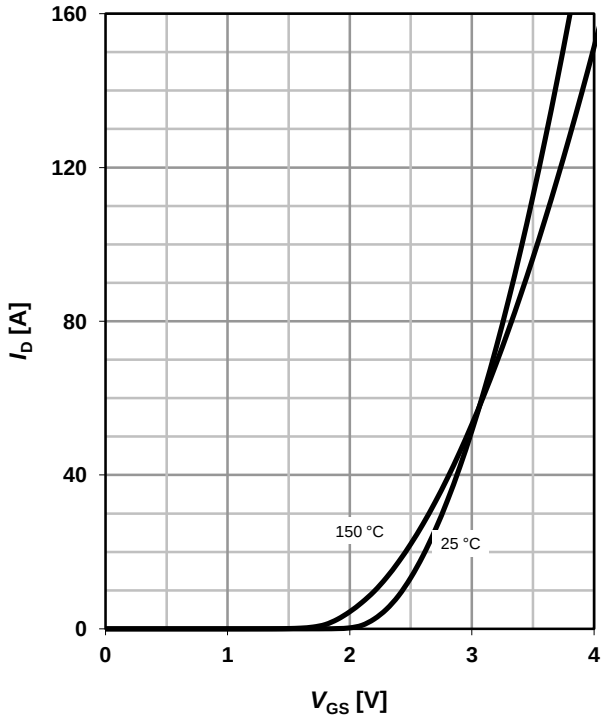
parameter: V_{GS}



13 Typ. transfer characteristics (Q1)

$I_D=f(V_{GS})$; $|V_{DS}|>2\,|I_D|\,R_{DS(on)max}$

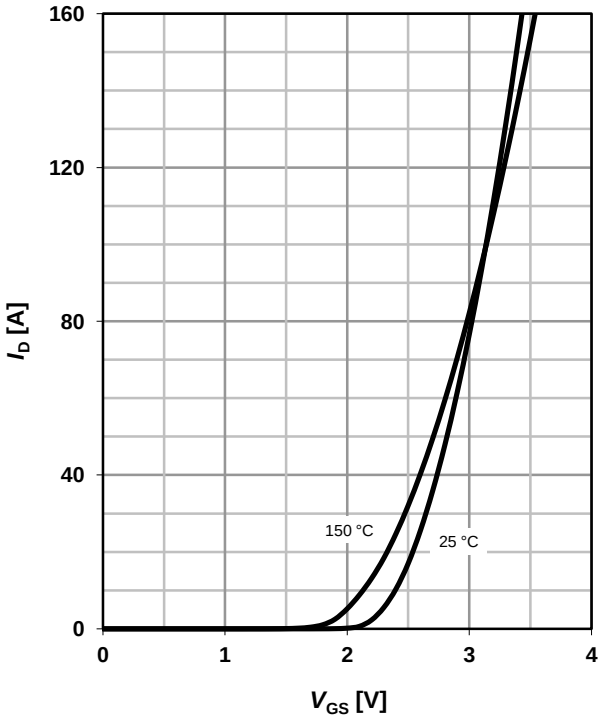
parameter: T_j



14 Typ. transfer characteristics (Q2)

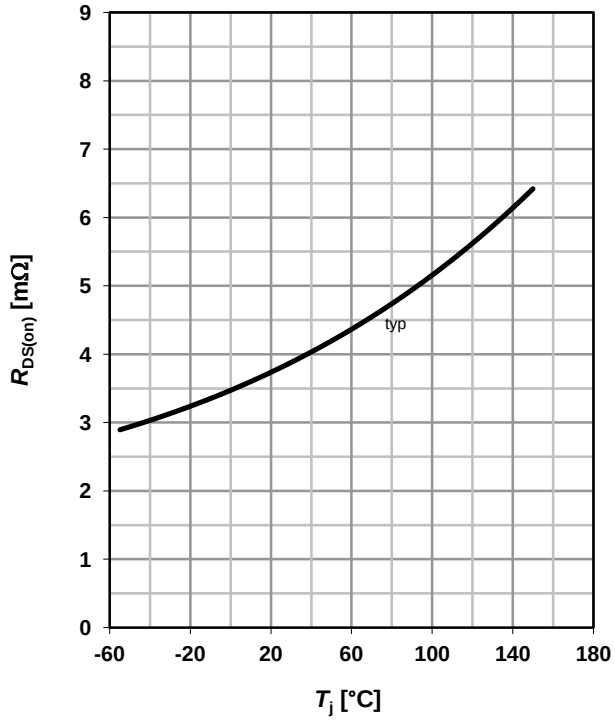
$I_D=f(V_{GS})$; $|V_{DS}|>2\,|I_D|\,R_{DS(on)max}$

parameter: T_j



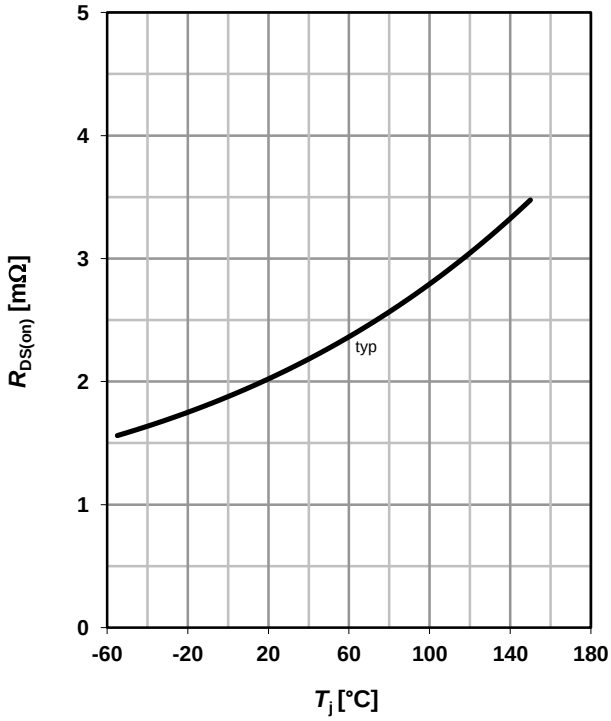
15 Drain-source on-state resistance (Q1)

$R_{DS(on)}=f(T_j)$; I_D=20 A; V_{GS}=10 V



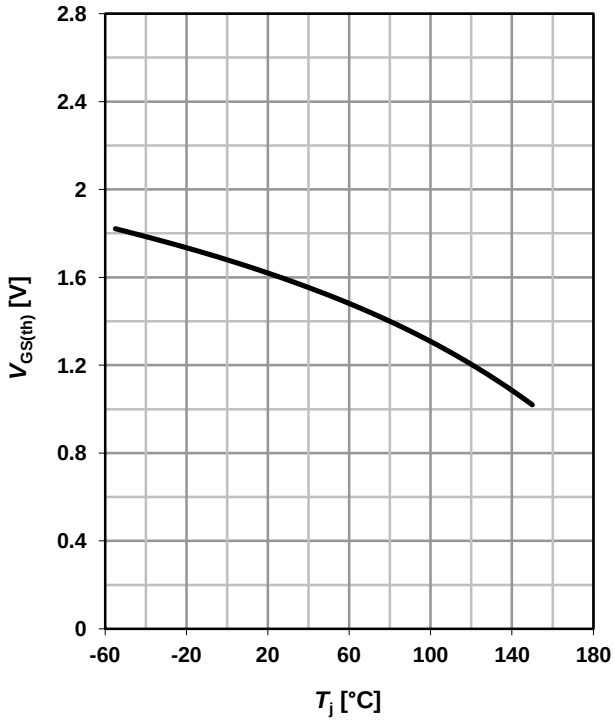
16 Drain-source on-state resistance (Q2)

$R_{DS(on)}=f(T_j)$; I_D=20 A; V_{GS}=10 V



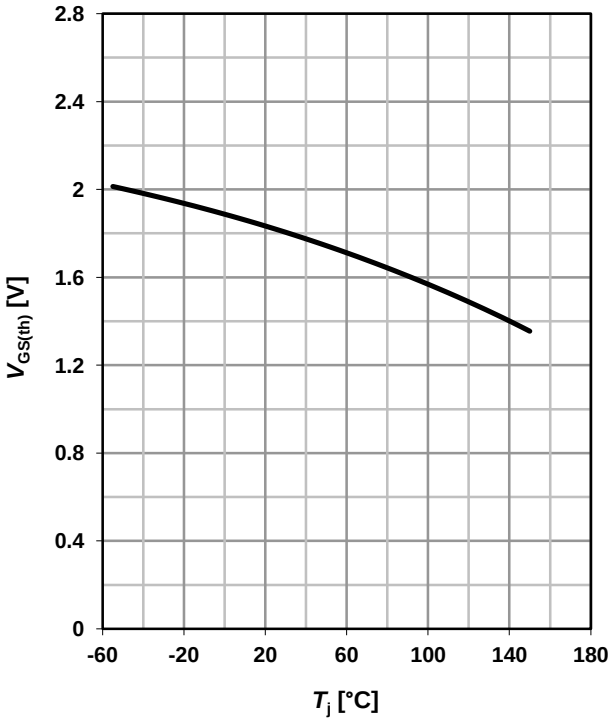
17 Typ. gate threshold voltage (Q1)

$V_{GS(th)}=f(T_j)$; $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$; $I_D=250$ µA



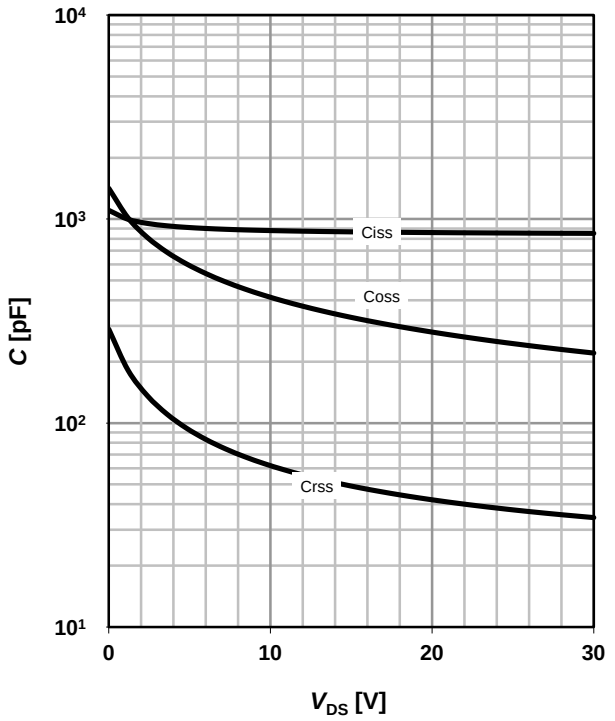
18 Typ. gate threshold voltage (Q2)

$V_{GS(th)}=f(T_j)$; $V_{GS}=V_{DS}$; $I_D=10$ mA



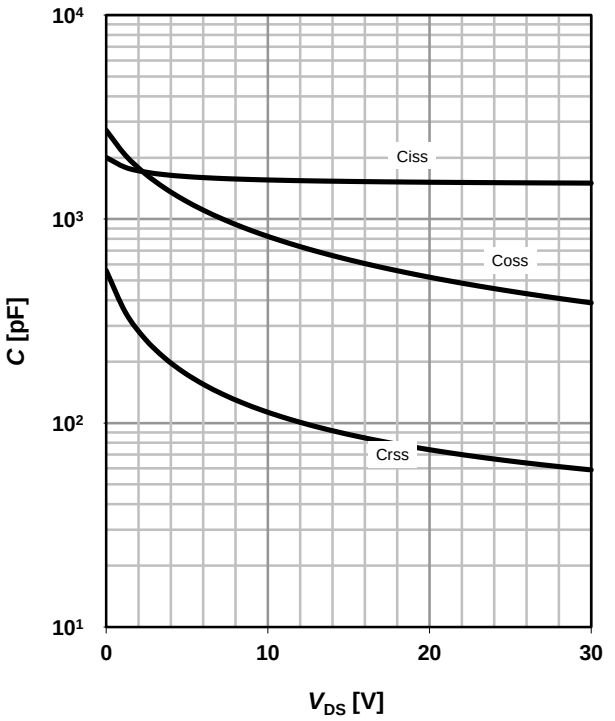
19 Typ. capacitances (Q1)

$C=f(V_{DS})$; $V_{GS}=0$ V; $f=1$ MHz



20 Typ. capacitances (Q2)

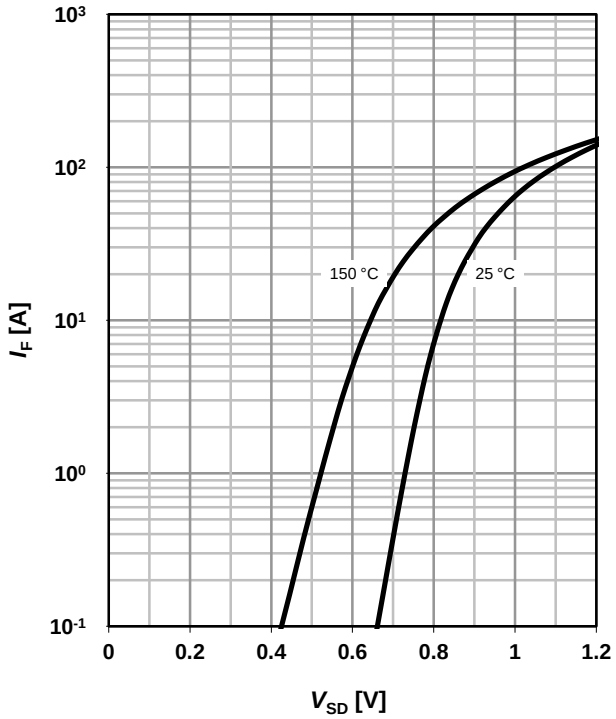
$C=f(V_{DS})$; $V_{GS}=0$ V; $f=1$ MHz



21 Forward characteristics of reverse diode (Q1)

$I_F=f(V_{SD})$

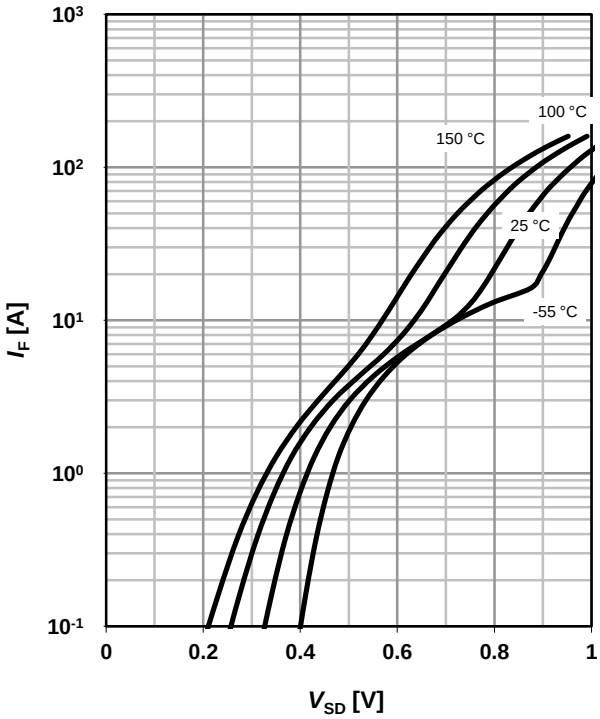
parameter: T_j



22 Forward characteristics of reverse diode (Q2)

$I_F=f(V_{SD})$

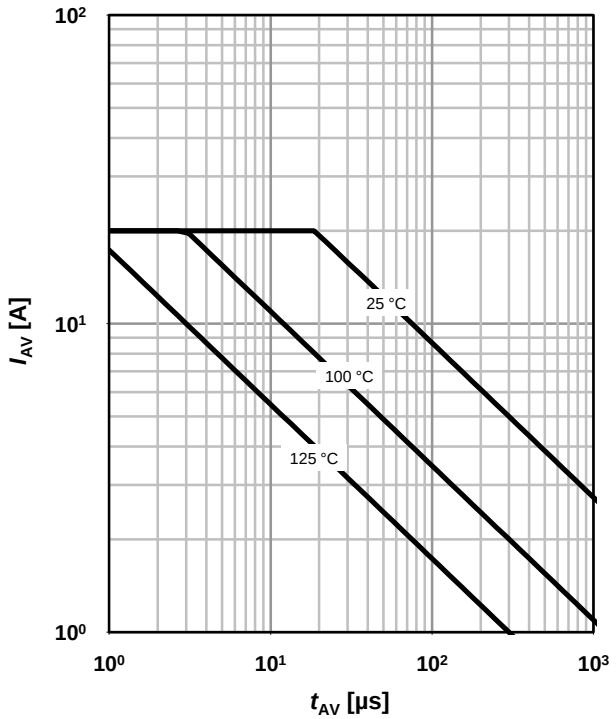
parameter: T_j



23 Avalanche characteristics (Q1)

$I_{AS}=f(t_{AV})$; $R_{GS}=25\ \Omega$

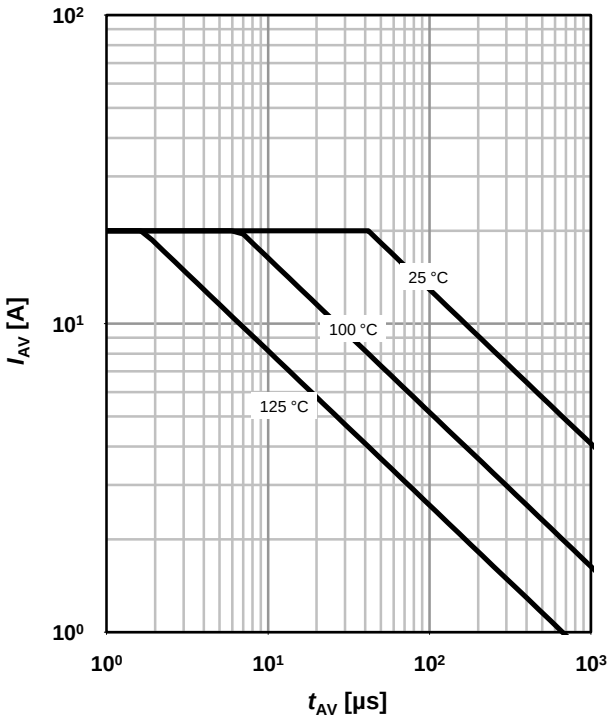
parameter: $T_{j(start)}$



24 Avalanche characteristics (Q2)

$I_{AS}=f(t_{AV})$; $R_{GS}=25\ \Omega$

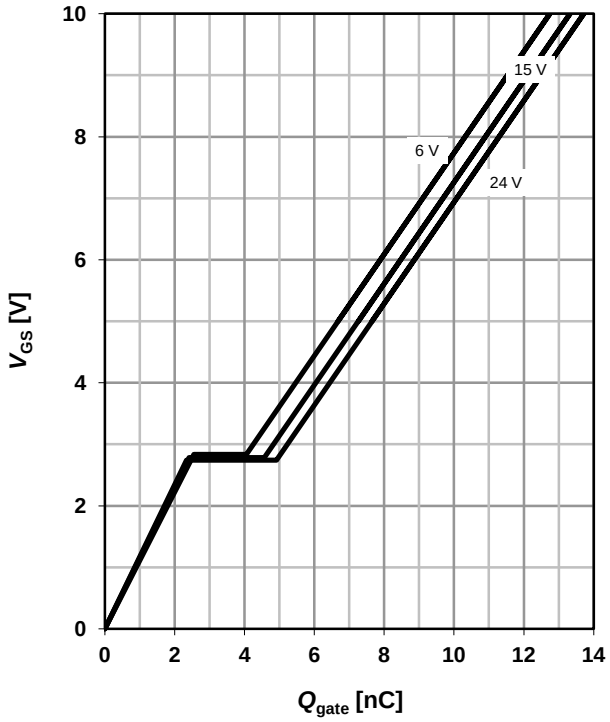
parameter: $T_{j(start)}$



25 Typ. gate charge (Q1)

V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=20 A pulsed

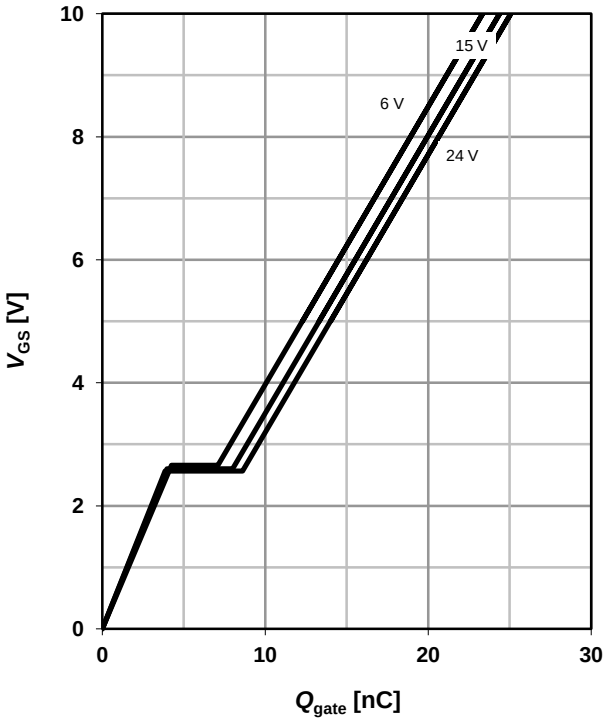
parameter: V_{DD}



26 Typ. gate charge (Q2)

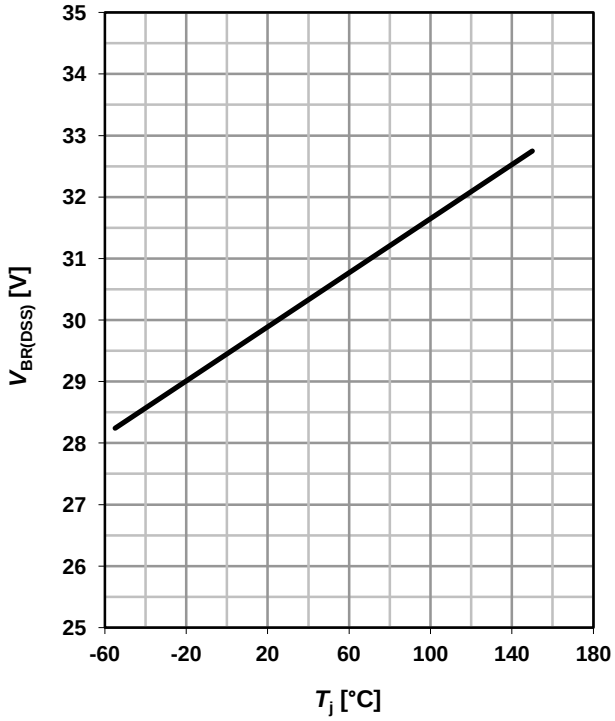
V_{GS}=f(Q_{gate}); I_D=20 A pulsed

parameter: V_{DD}



27 Drain-source breakdown voltage (Q1)

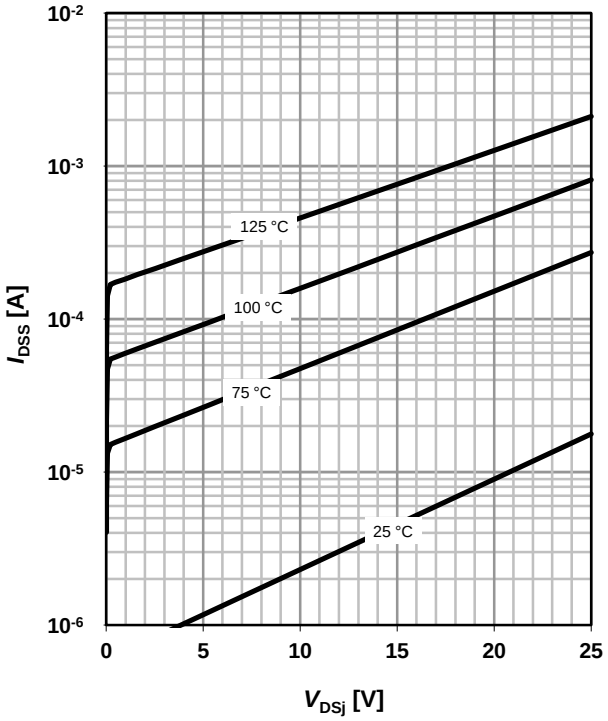
$V_{BR(DSS)}$=f(T_j); I_D=1 mA



28 Typ. drain-source leakage current (Q2)

I_{DSS}=f(V_{DS}); V_{GS}=0 V

parameter: T_j



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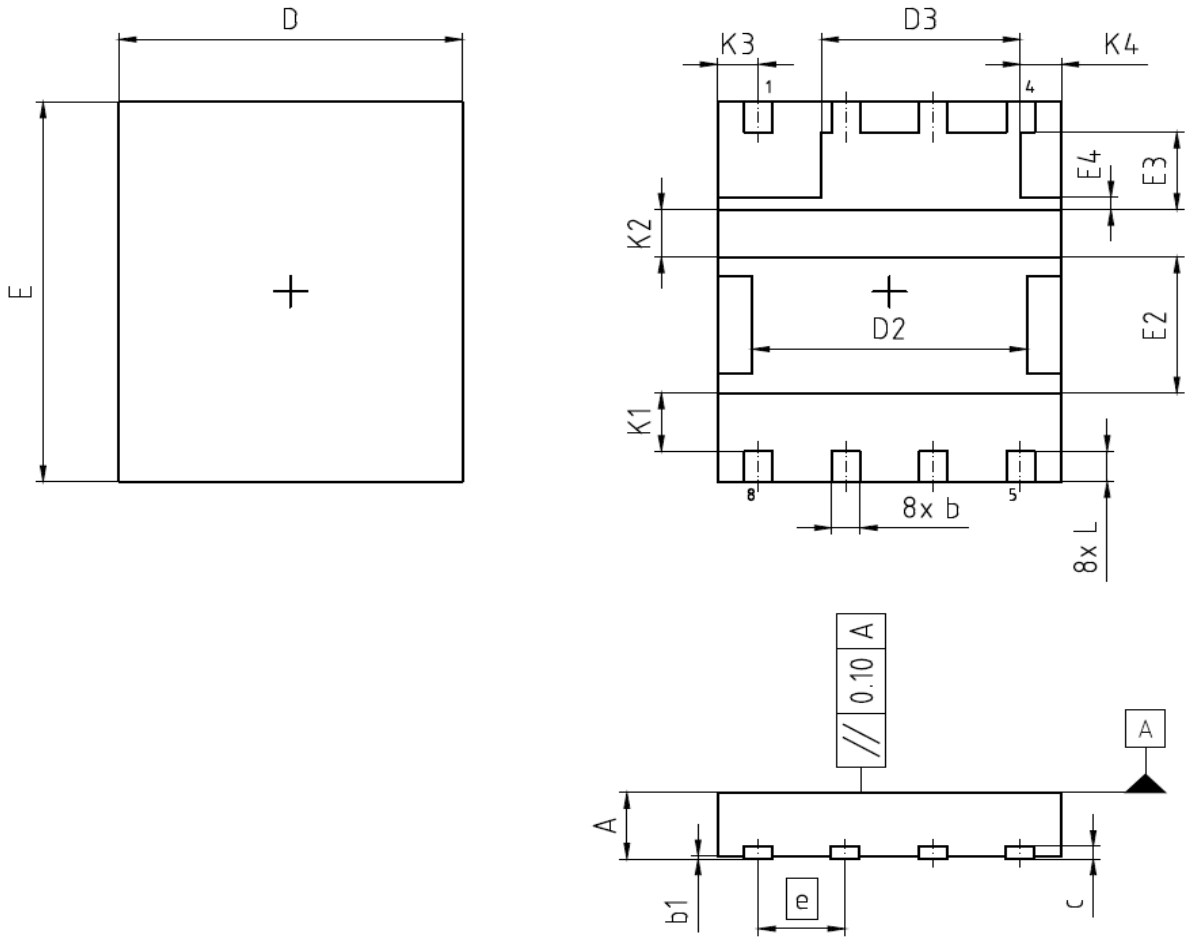

DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.90	1.15	0.035	0.045
b	0.31	0.51	0.012	0.020
b1	0.00	0.05	0.000	0.002
c	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
D	4.90	5.10	0.193	0.201
D2	3.90	4.10	0.154	0.161
D3	2.80	3.00	0.110	0.118
E	5.90	6.10	0.232	0.240
E2	2.05	2.25	0.081	0.089
E3	1.12	1.32	0.044	0.052
E4	0.10	0.30	0.004	0.012
e	1.27 (BSC)		0.05 (BSC)	
N	8		8	
L	0.38	0.58	0.015	0.023
K1	0.82	1.02	0.032	0.040
K2	0.65	0.85	0.026	0.033
K3 = K4	0.50	0.70	0.019	0.027

DOCUMENT NO.	Z8B00162738
SCALE	0, 2.5, 0, 2.5, 5mm
EUROPEAN PROJECTION	
ISSUE DATE	21-09-2011
REVISION	01

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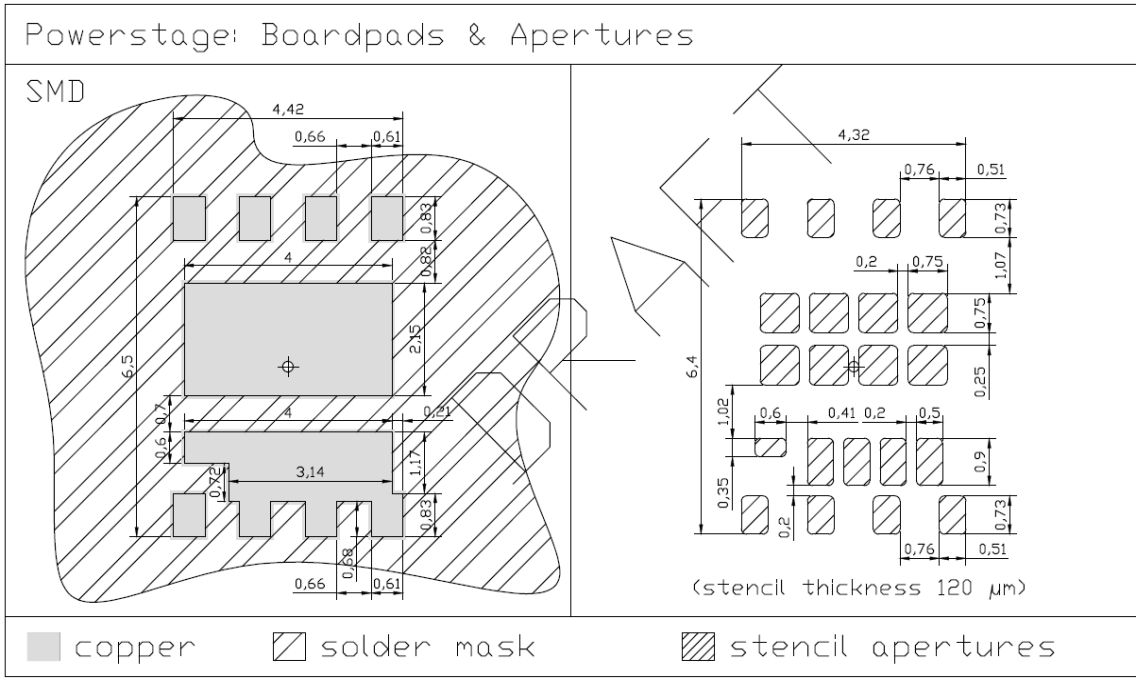
Powerstage: Boardpads & Apertures
SMD
4,42
0,66
0,61
0,83
0,82
4
2,15
6,5
0,7
0,6
0,21
3,14
0,72
1,17
0,83
0,68
0,66
0,61
4,32
0,76
0,51
0,73
0,2
0,75
1,07
0,75
0,25
6,4
1,02
0,6
0,41
0,2
0,5
0,9
0,35
0,2
0,73
0,76
0,51
(stencil thickness 120 µm)
copper
solder mask
stencil apertures

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